

#### **Certified Naturally Grown Livestock Inspection Forms**

I affirm that I will make every effort to ensure that the information I provide during the inspection process is complete and accurate.

Inspector's name (print)	Initials	Date
Farmer's name (print)	Initials	Date

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

The goal of the inspection is two-fold. In part, the inspection aims to verify that the CNG standards are being upheld. Equally important, the inspection offers an opportunity for producers to systematically review their practices with the inspector and reflect on how to improve sustainability in their operation. Before you get started, we recommend you obtain a copy of the Livestock Standards from the CNG website (at CNGfarming.org/livestock), or ask the producer if they'll have one on hand. Certification is not final until the inspection report is reviewed by CNG staff. Any practices which might not be in keeping with CNG standards should be noted. CNG staff can review and help the inspector to determine next steps. Rest assured that some non-compliances may be remedied easily and don't provide grounds for excluding a producer from certification.

The Inspector should:

- Determine compliance with CNG standards
- Offer feedback and recommendations
- Share insights and suggestions to help the farmer set sustainability goals
- Use the Worksheets to note highlights of what's reported and discussed
- Review List of Inputs and Sustainability Goals
- Carefully complete the Summary Inspection Report and Inspector Contact Information (final two pages)
- Return those two pages, plus the completed Inspection Worksheets, to CNG

The Farmer should:

- Before inspection: complete the List of Inputs on page 6 for the inspector to review on site
- During: walk through operation with inspector answering questions and sharing openly
- During or before: Complete the Sustainability Goals section (optional)
- After: make a copy of the completed Worksheets, Summary Report, Overview, and List of Inputs to keep on file at the farm (optional but recommended)

PLEASE REMEMBER: It is easy to get side-tracked into specific conversations and discussions. Do that *after* the inspection is complete. Stay on track and perform a thorough inspection of the farmer's operation.

#### **INSPECTION WORKSHEETS**

I. Land Management	
A. List the number and type(s) (beef cattle, dairy sheep, etc) of livestock to be certificated as a contract of the contract o	ied.
B. How many acres are used for pasture/range? Used for feed grain? Used for hay?	?
C. Ask the farmer about their markets. Does it look like they grow all they sell? (E.g. does it seem that the land base is sufficient to support these?)	YES / NO
D. How long has the farmer managed the property?	
E. Has synthetic fertilizer, pesticide or herbicide been used in the last 36 months? If yes, then the operation is considered transitional. What was applied and when?	Transitional / Not Transitional
F. List any crops or livestock that are excluded from certification – please explain when the second	ny they are excluded.

G. Do you practice rotational grazing? Please describe the rotation.			
II. Feed			
In order to meet CNG standards feed must not contain an	<u>y</u> of the following ingredients:		
• crops grown with synthetic fertilizers or pesticides • crops from C			
• post-harvest fungal treatments • crops from c	hemically-treated seed • animal byproducts		
Purchased Feed [skip if not applicable]			
A. Does the producer purchase feed?	YES / NO		
(i) From where? If it's branded, is it certified organic? If it's branded, but not certified organic, it probably doesn't	(i)		
meet CNG standards.	(ii)		
(ii) If it's not branded, does the producer know that it's	()		
grown without synthetic fertilizers or pesticides?			
Farm-grown Feed [skip if not applicable]			
B. Ask the farmer about their tillage practices. What appro	paches does the farmer use to minimize erosion?		
And to minimize soil compaction?			
C. Ask the farmer to describe his/her crop rotation practice	es. Does the farmer use a written plan or basic		
principles? Does the farmer feel s/he is meeting her/his ro			
	<b>G</b>		
D. Does the farmer plant cover crops? What kinds and wh	nen? How else does s/he let the land recover between		
plantings?			
E. Fertility Inputs			
(i) Does the farmer use fresh manure or compost?	(i)		
[Note: there is no restriction on use of raw manure for growing			
animal feed.]			
(ii) Does the farmer use other inputs for fertility? Make	(ii)		
sure these are allowed. (See the List of Inputs on pg. 7 for additional resources.)			
F. Weeds			
(i) What weeds are the farmer's biggest challenges?	(i)		
()ag.			
(ii) What practices does the grower use to manage weed			
pressure?	(ii)		
(iii) Does the farmer use inputs for weed control? Make			
sure these are allowed. (See the List of Inputs on pg. 7.)	(iii)		
, , ,	(III)		
G. <u>Disease</u> (i) What are the biggest plant disease challenges the	(i)		
grower faces?	(1)		
9.5			
(ii) What practices does the farmer use to prevent or	(ii)		
manage these?			
(iii) Doos the former use inputs for disease control? Make	<b>***</b>		
(iii) Does the farmer use inputs for disease control? Make sure these are allowed. (See the List of Inputs on pg. 7.)	(iii)		
H. <u>Insect Pests</u> (i) What are the grower's biggest insect pest challenges	(i)		
in feed production? (Continued on next page)	V7		

(ii) What practices does the grower use to manage insect pressure?	(ii)
(iii) Does the farmer use inputs for insect control? Make sure these are allowed. (See the List of Inputs on pg. 7.)	(iii)
Seeds Seeds must be CNG, Certified Organic, or grown according to C seed. If the varieties the farmer wants are not available in quant though chemically treated and genetically engineered seeds	ity in this form, the farmer may use conventional seeds,
I. Ask the grower about their source(s) of seeds. (i) Where does the farmer purchase seeds? [The farmer should be able to show seed supplier evidence] (ii) Is it a company that also sells treated and/or genetically modified seeds? (iii) If yes, how does the grower make sure that they don't get treated or GM seeds?	(i) (ii) (iii)
III. Water	
A. Does the farmer irrigate their feed crops? (i) If yes, what is/are the irrigation source(s)?	YES / NO (i)
(ii) Has it been tested? When? (Answer for each source) [Regular water testing is not a CNG requirement, but is considered best practice and encouraged]	(ii)
B. Water for livestock: (i) What is/are the source(s) for water for livestock?	(i)
(ii) Has it been tested? When? (Answer for each source) [Regular water testing is not a CNG requirement, but is considered best practice and encouraged]	(ii)
C. Ask the farmer about methods they use to conserve wa	ater.
IV. Buffers  Buffers are important when a potential source of contamination a adequate buffer size is context specific, determined largely by the and slope of the land. For example, if synthetic chemicals on an sprayer that stays close to the ground then a 20ft buffer may be pressure sprayers or aerially, then a distance greater than 50ft may be present the specific of the stay of the st	ne method of application as well as prevailing wind patterns adjacent property are applied by broadcaster or boom adequate. In cases where chemicals are applied with high-
A. What is the land use on the properties adjacent to the garden of the so, ask specifically, (i) What is sprayed? (ii) How frequently? (iv) How is it applied?	
[If there is risk of contamination, the farmer should have these de	
B. Does the farmer have an adequate buffer based on the block drift? [If there is risk of contamination, the farmer must have a solution of the block drift?]	
V. Biodiversity Conservation	
A. Are there woodlands on the property? How are these m	nanaged?
	-

YES / NO

B. Are there wetlands or waterways on or near the property? *(Continued on next page)* 

(i) What steps does the producer take to minimize potential run-off of soil and if used, natural pesticides?	(i)	
(ii) In particular, how do they manage manure?	(ii)	
C. Is there habitat for birds or other wildlife on the property? H	ow does the grower e	nhance/protect this habitat?
D. How does the farmer provide habitat for beneficial insects a	and pollinators?	
VI. Livestock Housing and Outdoor Access All animals must have access to the outdoors, as well as shade, shel weather allow. In particular, ruminants must spend most of their time 120 days per year spent grazing. Please note that the 120-day minim northeast US; in areas with longer growing seasons, the number of description.	on pasture during the wa num is based on the shor	arm season, with a minimum of t growing season of the
A. Are livestock on pasture/outdoors most of the time during the	ne growing season? D	uring what months?
B. If the producer has ruminant livestock (cattle, sheep, goats) ensure that at least 30% of their dry matter intake comes from		YES / NO
C. If the producer has poultry, does the poultry have either (a)	a <i>minimum</i> of five	YES / NO
square feet per bird of natural, outdoor space <i>or</i> (b) at least tw bird <i>and</i> get moved at least one time per day to fresh new pas		
D. Are there any hazards (sharp objects or tripping hazards) for	or the animals to get h	urt with?
VII. Livestock Health Management  Most conventional veterinary medicines are not allowed under C exception. In particular, livestock products may not be sold as CNG is synthetic external or internal parasiticides [However, in dairy stock ly milk may not be marketed as CNG for 90-days following treatment, o during the last trimester for the animal to be considered CNG].  Certainly, when necessary to prevent animal suffering and death veterinary treatment available —whether synthetic or natural. If synth marketed as CNG and should be removed from the flock or herd.	f animals are treated witl ermectin may be used e r in breeder stock as an , CNG encourages prod	h: antibiotics, hormones, or mergency treatment only, but emergency treatment, but not ucers to use the most effective
A. What external livestock pests does the producer encounter? How does the producer prevent and/or manage these?		
B. What internal parasites does the producer encounter? How does the producer prevent and/or manage these?		
C. What diseases does the producer encounter? How does the producer prevent and/or manage these?		
VIII. Origin of Livestock [skip if not applicable] Livestock other than poultry should not be bought on a routine basis. hormones may be sold as CNG (there is no transition period). In gen livestock under continuous CNG management from the last third of g of new CNG farms (or if introducing a new herd) may transition into C	eral, livestock products s estation, or for poultry, tl	sold as CNG must be from he second day of life. Livestock
A. If livestock are purchased, from where?		
B. Were they raised according to CNG standards for feed and management since birth or hatching? (Continued on next page)	health YES / NO	

(i) If no, in what ways?	(i)
(ii) Does the producer ensure that they were raised according to CNG standards for 9 months (or 6 for dairy) before being marketing as CNG?	(ii)

## INSIDE OFFICE, BARN, SHED, AND/OR GREENHOUSE

A. Has the farmer had the soil tested recently? If so, discuss the results and how the farmer will (or has) addressed them. [CNG does not require annual soil testing]		
<ul><li>B. Equipment</li><li>(i) Is the equipment properly stored to prevent leaking or contamination of soil and produce?</li></ul>	(i)	
(ii) Does the farmer ever borrow equipment? If yes, do they clean it properly before using it on the farm? [Equipment used on a conventional farm must be cleaned thoroughly before use on a CNG farm]	(ii)	
C. Are fuel and inputs properly stored to prevent leakage?		YES / NO / room for improvement
D. Energy (i) How does the farmer minimize energy use?	(i)	
(ii) Does the farmer use renewable energy sources?	(ii)	

#### **LIST OF INPUTS**

To expedite the process, this list may be completed beforehand by the farmer and then reviewed on site by the inspector. Alternatively, the inspector can fill it in during the inspection. This sheet should remain on farm for next year's inspection. It may be used again, and edited as needed.

Find allowed and prohibited inputs for CNG operations at <a href="www.naturallygrown.org/livestock">www.naturallygrown.org/livestock</a>. It is not a comprehensive list, but includes the most common inputs. If you have a question on a specific product, you can do a quick search on the OMRI database (online at <a href="www.omri.org">www.omri.org</a>) or contact CNG.

CNG encourages a tiered approach to fertility, weed, pest, and disease management, as explained below in order of preference:

- I. Prevention by promoting plant health through cultural practices, variety selection, crop rotation, and sanitation.
- II. Management by mechanical and physical practices such as mowing, mulching, flaming, lures and traps, and augmenting beneficial insects.
- III. Management through the application of biological, botanical or mineral products is permitted. Please note that while rotenone is botanical, it is not allowed by CNG standards.
- IV. Inputs containing synthetic materials are not allowed, unless a specific variance is granted.

List all inputs used for fertility, weeds, pests, and disease.			
Product	Use		Frequency
C. Can the farmer explain to you how so not a product is approved for use in Cl			
D. Are there any inputs that could be enthrough cultural practices? Could any be replaced with a product product of the could any be replaced with a milder for the could any be replaced with a milder for the could any be replaced with a milder for the could be cou	produced locally?		

#### INSPECTION OVERVIEW

gathering of your local farmer's network. ©	ider making this a farm tour site for a
B. The inspector may find minor violations that aren't grounds for remove should be addressed in order for the farm's certification to be continued. Actions be taken to bring the farm into stronger alignment with CNG standard should also be noted in the Inspector Contact Information page.) In whe addressed (eg. immediately, within two months, by next year's inspection	Do you recommend any Corrective indards and/or principles? (These at timeframe should they be
Corrective Action	<u>Time Frame</u>
C. List any Corrective Actions from the last inspection and indicate if the	ey have been acted upon.

#### **SUSTAINABILITY GOALS:** going beyond the core standards (Optional)

Sustainability is an ongoing process and is context specific. We are united by our commitment to improving the soil and caring for the earth and our families with the long-term view in mind. Certified Naturally Grown is largely focused on ecological sustainability; however, to ensure the continued success of any farm it's important to include the economic and social aspects of sustainability as well.

The farmer should take this opportunity to reflect on and set some goals for improving sustainability on his or her farm using the inspector as a sounding board. These may be short-term or long-term goals and could be in any of the following areas or others:

- Soil: preventing erosion and runoff, building organic matter, cover cropping, reducing compaction
- Water: Use efficiency, rain water capture, run-off prevention, protecting wetlands and waterways
- Inputs: Use efficiency, reducing use, replacing with local products and/or preventative practices
- Biodiversity: Protecting/providing habitat for wildlife, buffering wild areas
- Supporting biological cycles: Habitat for pollinators, beneficial insects
- Energy: Energy efficiency, renewable energy
- Waste: Reduction, reuse, recycling
- Economic viability Maintain/improve the bottom line; pay yourself and staff fair wages.
- Engaging the community: Educate the public, increase food access

For the farmer being inspected: What are 3 goals for improving sustainability of your operation in the short term and long term? Discuss strategies to achieve these goals. \*\*Write *one* above your signature on the Inspection Report\*\*

Goal	Time frame	Steps necessary to make it happen
1.		
2		
<b>-</b> .		
_		
3.		

#### **INSPECTION CHECKLIST**

! WAIT !			
☐ Livestock disease	□ Biodiversity	□ Out buildings	
☐ Livestock pests	☐ Manure management	☐ Equipment	
□ Feed	□ Buffers	☐ Irrigation & water use	
☐ Soil fertility	□ Outdoor access	□ Seeds	
☐ Rotation & land management	☐ Housing	$\ \square$ Plant pests, disease, weeds	
Did you address these items?			

The NEXT pages are scanned in and made public! You may use the empty space below and the above worksheets to make notes and recommendations to the producer or recognize areas of excellence.

Please be sure to leave notes for the producer to file with their records about any areas of concern that should be reviewed by the next inspector.

# Certified Naturally Grown LIVESTOCK SUMMARY INSPECTION REPORT

Farmer/s:			Farm name:	
Inspector:			_Affiliation (farm name, extension)	
Inspector is a:		Farmer Ag Educator	☐ Farmer using natural practices ☐ Extension Agent	☐Cert Organic Farmer ☐Customer (1 of 3)
Date of the inspection	n:		How long did the inspection I	ast?:
•	•		remote video?   In Personand must follow www.naturallygrowr	
Based on my observ declarations about th		terview with	the producer(s), I feel confider	nt in making the following
The farmer engages in term fertility of soils ar			practices that promote the longes on their farm.	Agree / Disagree(Your initials
			ides, herbicides, fungicides, etic parasiticides were used.	Agree / Disagree(Your initials
The farmer demonstra animals under his/her Certified Naturally Gro	Agree / Disagree(Your initials			
I am confident that the Certified Naturally Gro			ige is either certified organic, these standards.	Agree / Disagree(Your initials
The fields and pasture under consideration look to be surrounded by an adequate buffer to protect from chemical or spray drift contamination.			Agree / Disagree(Your initials	
The farmer demonstra waters, and biodiversi			protection of the air, soils,	Agree / Disagree(Your initials
I feel confident in rec	ommending	that the abov	ve listed producer(s) and their	farm
	b	e included	not be included	
in the Certified Natur	ally Grown pı	ogram.		
Signature of Inspector	or		Date	
Signature of Farmer			Date	
Optional: Attended b	y Two Additi	onal Custom	ers, or by These Community Ol	bservers:
Customer/Observer	Signature	Date		itle or Role
Customer/Observer	Signature	- Date		itle or Role

#### **INSPECTOR CONTACT INFORMATION**

This information will be kept completely confidential but is required for this form to be valid. It is only so we have the option to contact you with any follow-up questions and/or to confirm that you conducted the inspection and filled in this form.

Farm or Ra	nch you inspected:		
Your Name	:	Affiliation:	
Your Phone	e:	Your Email:	
Your Mailin	g Address:	······································	
		ection report is reviewed by CNG staff. be noted. CNG staff can review and he	
□ I recommend this farm		☐ I recommend the farm with minor corrective actions	
You're almo	ost done! But FIRST:		
	Did you sign the Summ	nary Inspection Report at the bottom?	
	Did the farmer sign too	?	
	Did you initial the agree	e/disagree statements?	
	Did you indicate your fa	arm/affiliation on the summary report?	

#### Please return all inspection documents to CNG using one of these methods:

We encourage you to email scanned images of your report. Doing so will help us reduce paper waste, and support our shift to more efficient electronic record keeping. (Free apps for scanning using your smart phone are noted below). We prefer it when all pages are merged together into a single PDF.

Mail to:

Certified Naturally Grown
PO Box 153
Temple, NH 03084

Email to:

forms@naturallygrown.org

\* Free phone apps: \* Kindly merge all individual iScanner or DocScan pages into a single PDF file

We recommend a copy of these forms (or the original) is left with the producer whose operation was inspected.

Don't hesitate to contact us if you have any questions: forms@naturallygrown.org or 845-262-2551

### ADDITIONAL CUSTOMER OR COMMUNITY OBSERVER CONTACT INFORMATION

This information will be kept completely confidential. We ask for it so we have the option to contact you with any follow-up questions. We sincerely thank you for being a part of the Certified Naturally Grown Community.

Farm Name:	
Customer/Observer:	
Your Name:	
Your Role and/or Affiliation*:	
Your Phone:	
Your Email:	
Your Mailing Address: (Street)	
(Town, State, Zip)	
Customer/Observer:	
Your Name:	
Your Role and/or Affiliation*:	
Your Phone:	
Your Email:	
Your Mailing Address: (Street)	
(Town, State, Zip)	

Use the space below if you'd like to share any feedback with CNG. We welcome your input!

<sup>\*</sup> What roles do you play in the community? For example: customer, chef at Breakfast Bar, market manager at Green Park Market, librarian, reporter at Blue Stone Press, crossing guard, teacher, faith leader, soccer coach, mail carrier, etc.

## **Livestock Feed Form**

- If you are applying for Livestock certification, this should be filled out by the person/s who submitted the Livestock application. We need to receive this before approving your application.
- If you are already certified and haven't submitted a Feed Form to CNG within the past 12 months, be sure to complete and submit along with your inspection report.
- Please use **one form for each supplier**, including your grass fed operation.
- Download this form here to print more copies: www.naturallygrown.org/livestock

			c certification:			
beef cattle	chicken (meat)	duck (meat)	geese (meat)	other		
_dairy cows	chicken (eggs)	duck (eggs)	turkey (meat)	other		
_pigs	sheep	rabbits	goats (meat)	other		
	Your Farm		Your Name/s	3		
Date		Your Signatures				
)						
	•	by the farmer. Plea	•			
	or all of my own according operations, consider past					
	organic feed and I have a ipt that clearly indicates th	•	organic and sold to	you. Do not fill out Section 3		
	Supplier Company Name					
I buy feed from	m the supplier indicated b	elow (use one form fo	r each supplier). Ha	ave them complete Section 3.		
Supplie	Supplier Company Name		Supplier Address			
)	o be completed by su			n feed:		
/ I		each statement that ap	opiles to you.			
I affirm that				tilizers,		
I affirm that herbicides	Please initial the feed for this livestock	is grown without the	use of synthetic fer			
I affirm that herbicides I affirm that	Please initial the feed for this livestock or pesticides.	is grown without the	use of synthetic fer			
I affirm that herbicides I affirm that	Please initial Please initial the feed for this livestock or pesticides.  the feed for this livestock the feed for this livestock	is grown without the	use of synthetic fer			
I affirm that herbicides I affirm that I affirm that	Please initial the feed for this livestock or pesticides. the feed for this livestock the feed for this livestock supplying feed	is grown without the	use of synthetic fer	eds.		